SHAPE, SPACE AND MEASURES

Pupils should be taught to:

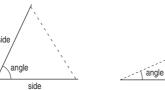
Construct lines, angles and shapes (continued)

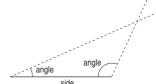
As outcomes, Year 7 pupils should, for example:

Construct triangles.

Use ruler and protractor to construct triangles:

- given two sides and the included angle (SAS);
- given two angles and the included side (ASA).





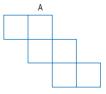
For example:

- Construct $\triangle ABC$ with $\angle A = 36^{\circ}$, $\angle B = 58^{\circ}$ and AB = 7 cm.
- Construct a rhombus, given the length of a side and one of the angles.

See Y456 examples (pages 102-3).

Construct solid shapes. Use ruler and protractor to construct simple nets. For example:

Look at this net of a cube.
 When you fold it up, which edge will meet the edge marked A?
 Mark it with an arrow.



- Imagine two identical square-based pyramids.
 Stick their square faces together.
 How many faces does your new shape have?
- Construct on plain paper a net for a cuboid with dimensions 2 cm, 3cm, 4cm.
- Construct the two possible nets of a regular tetrahedron, given the length of an edge.

