CALCULATIONS

Pupils should be taught to:

Consolidate and extend mental methods of calculation, accompanied where appropriate by suitable jottings (continued)

As outcomes, Year 7 pupils should, for example:

Recall of fraction, decimal and percentage facts

Know or derive quickly:

• simple decimal/fraction/percentage equivalents, such as:

 $\frac{1}{4}$ = 0.25 or 25% 0.23 is equivalent to 23% $\frac{1}{10}$ = 0.7 or 70% 57% is equivalent to 0.57 or 57/100

- simple addition facts for fractions, such as: $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$
- some simple equivalent fractions for 1/4 and 1/2, such as:

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{50}{100}$$
 $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{12} = \frac{4}{16} = \frac{5}{20} = \frac{25}{100}$

Strategies for finding equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages

For example:

- Convert ½ into a decimal.
 (Know that ¼ = 0.25 so ½ is 0.25 ÷ 2 = 0.125.)
- Express 3/5 as a percentage. (Know that 3/5 = 4/10 or 40/100, so it is equivalent to 60%.)
- Express 23% as a fraction and as a decimal. (Know that 23% is equivalent to 23/100 or 0.23.)
- Express 70% as a fraction in its lowest terms.
 (Know that 70% is equivalent to ⁷⁰/100, and cancel this to ⁷/100.)

Use known facts such as $\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$ to convert fractions to decimals mentally. For example:

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.2 \times 3 = 0.6$$

Find simple equivalent fractions.

For example:

• State three fractions equivalent to 3/5, such as:

6/10, 30/50, 24/40

• Fill in the boxes:

$$^{3}/_{4} = ^{\square}/_{8} = ^{\square}/_{12} = ^{\square}/_{16} = ^{\square}/_{20}$$
 $^{7}/_{\square} = ^{21}/_{30}$

Strategies for calculating fractions and percentages of whole numbers and quantities. For example:

- $\frac{1}{8}$ of 20 = 2.5 (e.g. find one quarter, halve it)
- 75% of 24 = 18 (e.g. find 50% then 25% and add the results)
- 15% of 40 (e.g. find 10% then 5% and add the results)
- 40% of 400 kg (e.g. find 10% then multiply by 4)
- 60 pupils go to the gym club.
 25% of them are girls.
 How many are boys?

See Y456 examples (pages 24-5, 32-3).

Link to finding fractions and percentages of quantities